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10/581,924	06/07/2006	Fernando Mazeris	19200-000062/US	1896
30593 7590 12)14/2009 HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 8910			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, SON T	
RESTON, VA	20195		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			12/14/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) MAZERIS, FERNANDO 10/581,924 Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Son T. Nguyen -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Trademark Office Rev. 08-06) Office Action S	ummary Part of Pape	r No./Mail Date 20091204		
	rmation-Disclosure-Statement(s) (FTO/SB/00) er No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Patent App 6) Other:	lication		
	ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary (PTO-413 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.			
Attachmen					
- ;	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	certified copies not received.			
	application from the International Bureau (PC	,			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received in Application No.			
/	1. Certified copies of the priority documents hav	e been received.			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign prior □ All b) Some * c) None of:	ty under 35 0.5.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (1).		
-	•	tu under 25 II C.C. \$ 110(a) (d) or (f)		
Priority I	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin		* *		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawin Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted				
	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicat	tion Papers				
تاره	are subject to restriction and/or elec	non requirement.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or elec	tion requirement			
	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.				
/—	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from	m consideration.			
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.				
Disposit	tion of Claims				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pai	te Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G.	213.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance e				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b)☐ This action	n is non-final.			
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 August	<u>2009</u> .			
Status					
Anv	ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date o ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S., this communication, even if timely filed, may redu	C. § 133).		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant has amended claims 25 & 26 for consideration to include a control device so as to demonstrate a single general inventive concept to that of elected group I. The Examiner is in agreement that amended claim 26 demonstrate single general inventive concept to that of elected group I. However, the Examiner does not believed that amended claim 25 demonstrate single general inventive concept to that of elected group I because it appears that the control device that is added to claim 25 only performed the step of controlling the amount of at least one constituent of solid feed to be feed to the animals (in relation to the analyzer), and not the step of controlling the feeding device as called for in the elected group I. Hence, the single general inventive concept is lacking for the reason as stated in the non-final rejection filed on 5/12/09. Only claim 26 will be considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- Claims 1-3,5,6,10,11,13,18,20,23,24,26,27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brewster et al. (5878402).

For claim 1, Brewster et al. teach a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm, comprising: an analyzer device provided on the farm for measuring in real time or near

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real time an amount of at least one constituent of solid feed to be fed to said animals (col. 6,lines 20-28,col. 9,lines 31-45,col. 10, all lines, col. 12,all lines, the feedbunk reader, the veterinary analysis and the nutrition analysis, all function as an analyzer to determine the amount of feed to be feed to the animals); a feeding device 5,12 provided for feeding said animals; and a control device 15,17,18,22N,55 wherein the control device is configured to control the analyzer device to measure the amount of the constituent of the solid feed repeatedly and at least once a day and configured to control the feeding device to feed said animals repeatedly and at each instant based on the previous said repeatedly performed measurements (col. 11,lines 25-41,col. 13,lines 25-31,col. 14,lines 1-5).

For claim 2, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said analyzer device to measure the amount of said constituent of said solid feed immediately prior to the feeding of said animals (col. 11,lines 35-41).

For claim 3, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said analyzer device to measure the amount of said constituent of said solid feed a plurality of times per day (col.13,lines 25-31,col. 14,lines 1-5,40-43).

For claim 5, Brewster et al. teach wherein the amount of said constituent includes any one of a protein content, a dry content, a fiber content, and a neutral detergent fiber (NDF) content (col. 14,lines 30-35, dry content).

For claim 6, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said analyzer device to measure the amounts of a plurality of constituents of said solid feed (col. 13,lines 6-20,col. 14,lines 25-40), and configured to control said

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feeding device to feed said animals depending on the measurements of the amounts of the constituents of said solid feed (col. 7.lines 63-67, col. 8.all lines, col. 9, all lines).

For claim 10, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is a computer-based processing and control device provided for managing of said animals including controlling of the feeding of said animals, wherein said computer-based processing and control device includes: a database including updated information regarding feed consumption by said animals; is connected to receive said respective measured amounts of said constituent of said solid feed; is provided to calculate an amount of solid feed to be fed to said animals based on the performed measurements and said updated information included in said database; and is connected to indicate to said feeding device said calculated amount of solid feed to be fed to said animals (col. 6,lines 61-67,col. 7, all lines, col. 8,lines 56-67,col. 9,lines 1-16,47-67,col. 10, all lines, col. 11,lines 1-23).

For claim 11, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said animals with mixed solid feed having a balanced composition depending on the performed measurements (col. 11,lines 25-40,col. 12,lines 18-67,col. 13,lines 5-67,col. 14,lines 1-50).

For claim 13, Brewster et al. wherein said animals are grouped in different groups, such that the control device is configured to control said feed device to feed different groups of animals with total mixed rations (TMR) of solid feed independently and in accordance on the performed measurements (col. 12.lines 9-67).

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For claim 18, Brewster et al. teach wherein said feeding device is a vehicle filled with said solid feed, and said analyzer device is provided at said vehicle for measuring the amount of said constituent of said solid feed (col. 5,lines 55-62,col. 7, lines 34-67,col. 8,lines 1-67,col. 9,lines 1-30).

For claim 20, Brewster et al. teach a weighing machine 52,75 or an optical device with image processing capabilities, provided for establishing in connection with said feeding, the actual feed consumption by said animals, wherein the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said animals depending on the established actual feed consumption by said animals.

For claim 23, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said analyzer device to measure the amount of the constituent of the solid feed repeatedly and at least once a day automatically (col. 6,lines 27-38,col. 14,lines 6-67,col. 15,lines 1-10,col. 24,lines 40-49).

For claim 24, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said animals repeatedly and at each instant depending on the last one of said repeatedly performed measurements automatically (col. 6,lines 27-38,col. 14,lines 6-67,col. 15,lines 1-10,col. 24,lines 40-49).

For claim 26, Brewster et al. teach use of a feeding system comprising an analyzer device (col. 6,lines 20-28,col. 9,lines 31-45,col. 10, all lines, col. 12,all lines, the feedbunk reader, the veterinary analysis and the nutrition analysis, all function as an analyzer to determine the amount of feed to be feed to the animals) and a feeding device 5,12 for feeding animals on a farm, said analyzer device, performed by a control

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device 15,17,18,22N,55, being used on the farm for measuring in real time or near real time, repeatedly, and at least once a day the amount of at least one constituent of solid feed to be fed to said animals, and said feeding device, performed by the control device, being used for feeding said animals repeatedly and at each instant based on the previous said repeatedly performed measurements (col. 11,lines 25-41,col. 13,lines 25-31,col. 14,lines 1-5).

For claim 27, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device comprises: an analyzer control device to control the analyzer device to measure the amount of the constituent of the solid feed repeatedly and at least once a day (col. 6,lines 20-38,col. 9,lines 31-45,col. 10, all lines, col. 12,all lines, col. 14,lines 6-67,col. 15,lines 1-10,col. 24,lines 40-49, the feedbunk reader, the veterinary analysis and the nutrition analysis, all function as an analyzer to determine the amount of feed to be feed to the animals); and a feed control device for controlling the feed device to feed said animals repeatedly and at each instant based on the previous said repeatedly performed measurement (col. 6, lines 20-67, col. 7, lines 1-60, col. 8, lines 56-67, col. 9, lines 1-45).

 Claims 4,12,14-16,19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brewster et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Birk (7308866).

For claim 4, Brewster et al. are silent about wherein said solid feed is ensiled feed.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm in which the feed is ensiled feed (col. 4,line 59). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in

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the art at the time the invention was made to feed the animal in the system of Brewster et al. ensiled feed as taught by Birk, depending on the type of feed needed by the animal upon analyzing the animal's condition/health.

For claim 12, Brewster et al. teach wherein the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said animals with solid feed. However, Brewster et al. are silent about the solid feed having ensilage and concentrate and/or additives depending on the performed measurements.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm in which the feed is ensiled feed and concentrate and/or additives (col. 4,lines 59). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to feed the animal in the system of Brewster et al. ensiled feed and concentrate and/or additives as taught by Birk, depending on the type of feed needed by the animal upon analyzing the animal's condition/health.

For claim 14, Brewster et al. teach the animals being grouped (col. 12,lines 9-50) but Brewster et al. are silent about provided that the animals are milking animals, depending on milk production, days in lactation, or number of lactations.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm in which the animals are milking animals and they are grouped (col. 3,lines 2-26,col. 4,.lines 6-60). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the system of Brewster et al. for milking animals as taught by Birk, depending on the user's preference to raise and feed milking animals or not.

For claim 15, Brewster et al. teach wherein said animals have a supply of partial

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mixed rations (PMR) of solid feed such that the control device is configured to control said feed device to feed each of said animals with additional concentrate feed individually and in accordance on the performed measurements (col. 12,lines 43-50) but are silent about the supply of partial mixed rations (PMR) of solid feed, including ensilage and concentrate.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm wherein said animals have supply of partial mixed rations (PMR) of solid feed, including ensilage and concentrate (col. 4,lines 45-63). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to feed the animal in the system of Brewster et al. ensilage and concentrate as taught by Birk, depending on the type of feed needed by the animal upon analyzing the animal's condition/health.

For claim 16, Brewster et al. teach wherein said animals are grouped in different groups, such that the control device is configured to control said feed device to (i) feed different groups of animals with feed depending on the performed measurements, and (ii) feed said animals with concentrate or additives individually and in accordance on the performed measurements (see above excerpts). However, Brewster et al. are silent about the feed being ensilage.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm wherein said animals have supply of ensilage (col. 4,lines 45-63). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to feed the animal in the system of Brewster et al. ensilage as taught by Birk, depending on the type of feed needed by the animal upon analyzing the animal's condition/health.

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For claim 19, Brewster et al. are silent about wherein said feeding device is an indoor feed wagon mounted on a raft in a ceiling, for automatic feeding.

Birk teaches a feeding system for feeding animals on a farm wherein said feeding device is a feed wagon 38, preferably an in-door feed wagon mounted on a raft in a ceiling, for automatic feeding. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a feed wagon as taught by Birk in the system of Brewster et al. in order to automatically dropping feed into a feeding table, manger, etc. without having to use a vehicle.

 Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
 Brewster et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Ulman et al. (6234111).

Brewster et al. are silent about wherein a control device is configured to control said feeding device to perform said feeding depending on an average value of said repeatedly measured amounts of said constituent.

Ulman et al. teach a feeding system for feeding animals wherein a control device is provided for controlling said device to perform said feeding depending on an average value of said repeatedly measured amounts of said constituent (col. 3,lines 1-10). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a control device is provided for controlling said device to perform said feeding depending on an average value of said repeatedly measured amounts of said constituent as taught by Ulman et al. in the system of Brewster et al. in order to

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determine the quantity of feed consumed for accounting purposes and to provide an alternative way of calculating feed ration consumed by the animals.

 Claims 8,9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brewster et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Beck (2005/0000457).

Brewster et al. are silent about wherein said analyzer device is a spectroscopic device/near infrared (NIR) instrument for quantitative chemical analysis.

Beck teaches a feeding system for feeding animals wherein said analyzer device is a spectroscopic device/near infrared (NIR) instrument for quantitative chemical analysis ([0008][0039][0043]). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a spectroscopic device as taught by Beck in the system of Brewster et al. in order to provide a nondestructive, rapid, accurate and precise determination of the chemical composition of forages and feedstuffs for the animals

 Claims 17,21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brewster et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Palmer (4517923).

For claim 17, Brewster et al. are silent about wherein the control device is configured to control said feed device to feed different individuals of said animals with solid feed individually depending on the performed measurements.

Palmer teaches a feeding system for feeding animals wherein a control device is provided for controlling said feed device to feed different individuals of said animals with

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solid feed individually depending on the performed measurements (col.2,lines 65-68,col. 3,lines 23-27,col. 4,lines 1-60). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a control device is provided for controlling said feed device to feed different individuals of said animals with solid feed individually depending on the performed measurements as taught by Palmer in the system of Brewster et al. so as to provide each animal with its own feed ration needs.

For claim 21, Brewster et al. are silent about wherein said animals are milking animals, further comprising a device provided for measuring a quality or a quantity of milk from said milking animals, and the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said milking animals depending on the measured quality or quantity of milk from said milking animals.

Palmer teaches a feeding system for feeding animals wherein said animals are milking animals, and wherein said arrangement further comprising a device provided for measuring a quality or a quantity of milk from said milking animals, and a control device is provided for controlling said feeding device to feed said milking animals depending on the measured quality or quantity of milk from said milking animals (col.2,lines 65-68,col. 3,lines 23-27,col. 4,lines 1-60). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a device provided for measuring a quality or a quantity of milk from said milking animals, and a control device is provided for controlling said feeding device to feed said milking animals depending on the measured quality or quantity of milk from said milking animals as taught by Palmer in the system of Brewster et al. in order to provide appropriate feed ration in relation to the

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animal's milk production, if the animal of choice is that of a milking animal, so as to provide proper nutrition for the animal.

 Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brewster et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Legrain (5355833).

Brewster et al. are silent about a device provided for measuring a quality of manure from said animals, wherein the control device is configured to control said feeding device to feed said animals depending on the measured quality of manure from said animals.

Legrain teaches a feeding system for feeding animals comprising a device provided for measuring a quality of manure from said animals, wherein a control device 4 is provided for controlling said feeding device to feed said animals depending on the measured quality of manure from said animals (col. 5,lines 32-40). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a device provided for measuring a quality of manure from said animals, wherein a control device is provided for controlling said feeding device to feed said animals depending on the measured quality of manure from said animals as taught by Legrain in the system of Brewster et al. in order to monitor the animal's feed assimilation capacity and the recordation of what has been wasted so as to modify the feed composition of the animal at its next feeding (col. 5,lines 34-38 of Legrain).

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Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments filed 8/12/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued that the Brewster reference has nothing to do with fodder analysis (i.e., an amount of at least one constituent of solid feed). In other words, the measured constituent in Brewster is not related to the fodder.

Clearly. Brewster has everything to do with fodder analysis because feed ration analysis, the veterinary analysis, and the nutrition analysis, ALL relate to determination of amount of at least one constituent of solid feed to feed the animals. Fodder analysis by the analyzer as disclosed by Applicant in paragraph [0028] of applicant's pgpub 2007/0134369 is defined as constituents such as roughage, grass, grain and corn, or any kind of ensiled feed, and the one or several constituents, of which the amount is determined, may include any of protein, dry matter, and fiber, particularly neutral detergent fiber (NDF). Other constituents of the solid feed that can be measure include moisture, fat, starch, TKN, crude fiber, acid detergent fiber (ADF), and lignin according to relevant ISO, EC and AOAC standards. Still other constituents of solid feed to be measured include vitamins and minerals. Clearly, at least the nutrition analysis performed at least one of these constituents as listed by Applicant. For example, col. 14, lines 29-50, dry matter, which is claimed by applicant. In addition, the word nutrition itself should clearly defined that the ingredients will involve some sort of vitamins/minerals provided for the animals to maintain proper nutrition for the animals. The ingredients provided to the animals are analyzed by various analyzer devices

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17,18,19,20, all working together to come up with the proper amount of constituent of solid feed to provide for the animals.

Applicant argued that the Brewster reference fails to disclose or suggest that the analysis device is controlled to measure at least once a day.

It is doubtful that a highly automated system of Brewster does not teach more than one measure for feed more than once a day. Clearly, Brewster teaches feeding the animals at least three different times during the day, so one would think that measurement would be made more than once a day. This information can all clearly be found in col. 6, lines 35-38,col. 13,lines 20-65, with each feeding being distinct so one of ordinary skill in the art would know that this means measurement is done more that once a day for each distinct feeding ration for the animals.

Applicant argued that the Birk reference fails to provide the teachings noted above as missing from the Brewster reference. Since claims 4, 12, 14-16 and 19 are patentable at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claim 1, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection of claims 4, 12 14-16 and 19 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) be withdrawn.

Since applicant did not specifically argued Birk, the response to argument is the same as above for Brewster.

Applicant argued that the Ulman reference fails to provide the teachings noted above as missing from the Brewster reference. Since claim 7 is patentable at least by virtue of its dependency on independent claim I, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection of claim 7 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) be withdrawn.

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Since applicant did not specifically argued Ulman, the response to argument is the same as above for Brewster.

Applicant argued that claims 8 and 9 are believed to be allowable for at least the reasons set forth above regarding claim 1. The Beck reference fails to provide the teachings noted above as missing from the Brewster reference. Since claims 8 and 9 are patentable at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claim 1, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection of claims 8 and 9 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) be withdrawn.

Since applicant did not specifically argued Beck, the response to argument is the same as above for Brewster.

Applicant argued that claims 17 and 21 are believed to be allowable for at least the reasons set forth above regarding claim 1. The Palmer reference fails to provide the teachings noted above as missing from the Brewster reference. Since claims 17 and 21 are patentable at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claim 1, Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection of claims 17 and 21 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) be withdrawn.

Since applicant did not specifically argued Palmer, the response to argument is the same as above for Brewster.

Applicant argued that claim 22 is believed to be allowable for at least the reasons set forth above regarding claim 1. The Legrain reference fails to provide the teachings noted above as missing from the Brewster reference. Since claim 22 is patentable at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claim 1,

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Applicant respectfully requests that the rejection of claim 22 under 35 U.S.C. \$103(a) be withdrawn.

Since applicant did not specifically argued Legrain, the response to argument is the same as above for Brewster.

Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Son T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-6889. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu from 10:00am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter M. Poon can be reached on 571-272-6891. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Son T. Nguyen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3643